

|  |                        |                              |
|--|------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>Modulbezeichnung:</b> Nanotechnology of Disperse Systems (Nano)<br>(Nanotechnology of Disperse Systems) | <b>5 ECTS</b>          |                              |
| Modulverantwortliche/r: Robin N. Klupp Taylor, Monica Distaso  |                        |                              |
| Lehrende: Robin N. Klupp Taylor, Monica Distaso  |                        |                              |
| Startsemester: SS 2021   | Dauer: 1 Semester      | Turnus: halbjährlich (WS+SS) |
| Präsenzzeit: 45 Std.   | Eigenstudium: 105 Std. | Sprache: Englisch            |

#### Lehrveranstaltungen:

Nanotechnology of Disperse Systems (SS 2021, Vorlesung, 2 SWS, Robin N. Klupp Taylor et al.)  
 Übung Nanotechnology of Disperse Systems (SS 2021, Übung, 1 SWS, Robin N. Klupp Taylor et al.)  
 Nanotechnology of Disperse Systems: Synthesis, Formation Mechanisms and Applications of Mesocrystals (SS 2021, Vorlesung, Monica Distaso)

#### Inhalt:

- Introduction to nanodisperse systems and their broad fields of application and research
- Revision of the fundamentals of colloid science
- Fundamental aspects of the preparation of nanodisperse systems (Thermodynamic fundamentals; Hydrolysis and polycondensation (metal oxides); Redox-reactions (metals); Control of particle size and morphology)
- Morphological characterization of nanodisperse systems (Optical methods; Electron microscopy; Scanning probe microscopy)
- Properties of nanodisperse systems (Optical properties; Magnetic properties)
- Advanced nanodisperse systems (multifunctional particles, self-assembly)

#### Lernziele und Kompetenzen:

On completion of the lecture course students will be able to:

- Identify major applications and research fields of nanodisperse systems
- Identify and explain the fundamental theories of nucleation and growth and colloidal stability
- Differentiate between different approaches for the preparation of nanodisperse systems
- Select metal and metal oxide precursors and oxidizing/reducing agents according to their thermodynamic properties.
- Give examples of means to control nanoparticle size, shape and agglomeration state
- Distinguish between different characterization tools according to their advantages and disadvantages for the analysis of nanodisperse systems
- Identify the influence of particle size on key physical properties
- Match physical properties of nanoparticles to current or emergent applications

#### Literatur:

- Everett, D.H. Basic Principles of Colloid Science, Cambridge, Royal Society of Chemistry 2007
- Vollath, Dieter, Nanoparticles, nanocomposites, nanomaterials. Weinheim, Wiley-VCH, 2013
- Nogi, Kiyoshi, Naito, Makio, and Yokoyama, Toyokazu. Nanoparticle Technology Handbook, Amsterdam, Elsevier 2012
- Pelton, Matthew, and Bryant, Garnett W. Introduction to Metal-Nanoparticle Plasmonics. Somerset, NJ, USA: John Wiley & Sons, 2013
- Gubin, Sergei. Magnetic Nanoparticles. Weinheim, Wiley-VCH, 2009

#### Studien-/Prüfungsleistungen:

Mündliche Prüfung Nanotechnology of Disperse Systems (Prüfungsnummer: 53501)

(englische Bezeichnung: Nanotechnology of Disperse Systems)

Prüfungsleistung, mündliche Prüfung, Dauer (in Minuten): 30

Anteil an der Berechnung der Modulnote: 100%

weitere Erläuterungen:

gemäß Corona-Satzung gegebenenfalls Durchführung in digitaler Form

Prüfungssprache: Englisch

Erstablingung: SS 2021, 1. Wdh.: WS 2021/2022  
1. Prüfer: Robin N. Klupp Taylor (100316)

---